MPPT SOLAR INVERTER

FGI-P6500

User Manual

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1.Information on this Manual

1.1 Validity

This manual is valid for the following devices:

- Non-parallel inverter with single AC output
- Non-parallel inverter with dual AC outputs
- Parallel inverter with single output
- Parallel inverter with dual AC outputs

1.2 Scope

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations.

1.3 Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Tasks that do not require any particular qualification can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- · Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- · Knowledge of the applicable standards and directives
- · Knowledge of the compliance with this document and all safety information

1.4 Label Description

In order to ensure the user's personal safety when using this product, the inverter and manual provides relevant identification information and uses appropriate symbols to alert the user, who should carefully read the following list of symbols used in this manual.

Labels on Inverter

\triangle	CAUTION Do not disconnect under load!
Â	Danger: High Voltage! Danger: Electrical Hazard!
Smin	Start maintaining the INVERTER at least 5 minutes after the INVERTER disconnected from all external power supplies.
	Read instructions carefully before performing any operation on the INVERTER.
	Grounding: The system must be firmly grounded for operator safety.

Labels in the documentation

(! WARNING!	A high level of potential danger, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to personnel.
(CAUTION!	A moderate or low level of potential danger, which, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injuries to personnel. In some bad situation, it could result in death or serious injury to personnel.

1.5 Safety Instructions

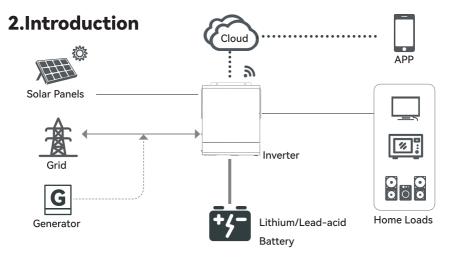


WARNING!

This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 01. Please be clear which kind of battery system you want, lithium battery system or leadacid battery system, if you choose the wrong system, energy storage system can't work normally.
- 02. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary marking on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual. The company has the right not to quality assurance, if not according to the instructions of this manual for installation and cause equipment damage.
- 03. All the operation and connection please professional electrical or mechanical engineer.
- 04. All the electrical installation must comply with the local electrical safety standards.
- 05. When install PV modules in the daytime, installer should cover the PV modules by opaque materials, otherwise it will be dangerous as high terminal voltage of modules in the sunshine.
- 06.CAUTION To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead-acid type rechargeable batteries and lithium batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 07.Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 08. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 09. NEVER charge a frozen battery.
- 10. For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter.

- 11. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 12. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 13. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 14. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 15. Make sure the inverter is completely assembled, before the operation.



Solar Energy Storage System

This is a multifunctional solar inverter, integrated with a MPPT solar charge controller, a high frequency pure sine wave inverter and a UPS function module in one machine, which is perfect for off grid backup power and self-consumption applications. This inverter can work with or without batteries.

The whole system also need other devices to achieve complete running such as PV modules, generator, or utility grid. Please consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. The WiFi module is built-in or plug-and-play monitoring device to be installed on the inverter. With this device, users can monitor the status of the PV system from the mobile phone or from the website anytime anywhere.

3. Installation

3.1 Unpacking and Inspection

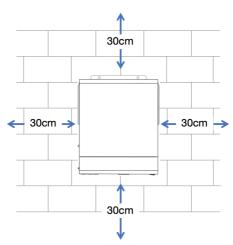
3.1.1 Open-box Inspection

Products have been strictly tested before leaving the factory. Please sign for them after inspection. If the product is damaged, please contact the local distributor. Please open the box to check whether the outer packaging is intact or damaged, whether the internal equipment is damaged.

3.1.2 Installation Tools

	Multi-meter	Protective gloves	Insulated anti-smashing shoes
Installation	Safety glasses	ESD wrist strap	Hammer drill
Tools	Electric screwdriver	Cross screwdriver	Rubber mallet
	Spirit level	Wire cutter / stripper	Terminal crimping tool
	(D ————————————————————————————————————	M Å	A P

3.2 Mounting Unit



Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- · Mount on a solid surface.
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between -10°C and 60°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram above to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.

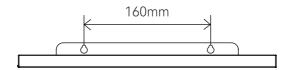


WARNING!

Inverter is suitable for mounting on concrete or other non-combustible surface only.

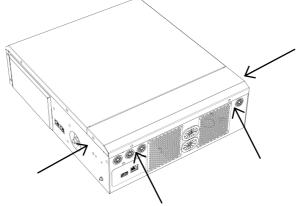
Follow the installation steps:

1. Use $\phi 8$ drilling bit drill holes on the mounting surface. The distance between 2 holes is 160mm. Then insert the expansion screw tube. M6 expansion screw is suggested.



2. Pick up the inverter vertically and align the screws' holes at the top of the inverter with the expansion screw tube already installed on the wall. Fix the inverter on the mounting surface by screws.

Before connecting all wiring, please take off bottom cover by removing four screws as shown below:



3.3 AC Input / Output Connection



CAUTION!

Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a separate AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 40A.



CAUTION!

There are terminal blocks with 'AC IN', 'AC OUT1', 'AC OUT2' (AC OUT2 is only for dual output model) markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.



CAUTION!

Be sure to connect AC cables with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

The N lines of input and output must not be connected together, as this may cause damage to the inverter in some condition.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggestion for AC input wires

Gauge	Cable (mm²)
10 AWG	5.26



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC output connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggestion for AC output wires

Gauge	Cable (mm²)
12 AWG	4

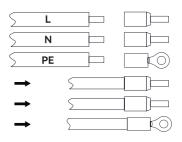


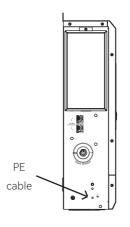
WARNING!

All operations during the electrical connection process, as well as the specifications of cables and components used, must comply with local laws and regulations. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

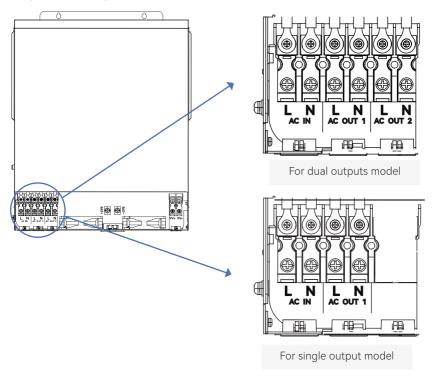
Please follow below steps to implement AC input (AC IN) connection:

- Before making AC connection, be sure to open AC circuit breaker first.
- Remove insulation sleeve 12mm from the head of cables, shorten the conductor part to 10mm. Insert the cable into the tubular terminal. Then use terminal crimping tool make the terminal and cable connected tightly.
- Insert AC input cables according to polarities indicated on terminal blocks and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective cable on the inverter side first.
 PE → Protective Earth (yellow-green)
 L → LINE (brown or black)
 N → Neutral (blue)
- 4. Make sure the cables are securely connected.

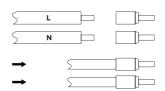




To implement AC output connection:



Follow the steps as AC input connection of L (LINE) and N (Neutral) cables.





CAUTION!

Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least $2\sim3$ minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check with manufacturer of air conditioner that if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this solar inverter will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

3.4 PV Connection



CAUTION!

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separate DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.



WARNING!

Do not ground the positive or negative terminals of the PV modules, as this can severely damage the inverter.



WARNING!

Exposure to sunlight can generate lethal high voltages in photovoltaic strings, so strictly adhere to the safety precautions listed in the photovoltaic string and related documents.



WARNING!

Make sure to connect the PV terminals to the corresponding ports on the inverter, as reversing the polarity can damage the inverter.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

Gauge	Cable (mm²)
10AWG	5.26

PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than start-up voltage.

Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	500Vdc
Start-up Voltage	80Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	60Vdc~450Vdc

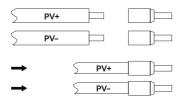


WARNING!

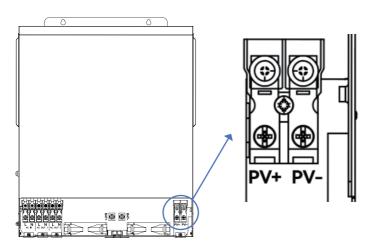
Please do not connect any DC switches or AC/DC circuit breakers before completing the electrical connections.

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Before making PV connection, be sure to open DC circuit breaker first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 12mm from the head of cables, shorten the conductor part to 10 mm. Insert the cable into the tubular terminal. Then use terminal crimping tool make the terminal and cable connected tightly



- 3. Use multi-meter check to ensure the polarities are correct.
- 4. Insert PV cables according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws.
- $+ \rightarrow PV+ (red)$
- $\rightarrow PV- (black)$



5. Make sure the cables are securely connected.

3.5 Battery Connection

3.5.1 Lead-acid Battery Connection

User can choose proper capacity lead acid battery with a nominal voltage at 48V. Also you need to choose battery type as 'AGM or FLD(flooded)'.



CAUTION!

For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. The recommended size of protector or disconnect is 150A.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified person.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.



WARNING!

Make sure AC power is disconnected before attempting to connect AC power to the unit.

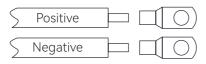
All operations during the electrical connection process, as well as the specifications of cables and components used, must comply with local laws and regulations. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

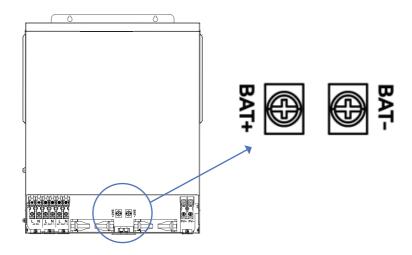
Gauge	Cable (mm²)
2 AWG	25

Note: For lead acid battery, the recommended charge current is 0.3C (C≤battery capacity) Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Unscrew the pre-fixed screws on battery poles. Prepare 2 DT terminals(It should fit for AWG2 cables).
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 12mm from the head of cables, shorten the conductor part to 10 mm. Insert the cable into the DT terminal. Then use terminal crimping tool make the terminal and cable connected tightly.



3. Pass the battery cable through the battery installation hole on bottom shell, and tighten the terminal screws. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and DT terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.



4. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to connect at least 200Ah capacity battery.



WARNING! Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!

Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the DT terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.



CAUTION!

Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.



CAUTION!

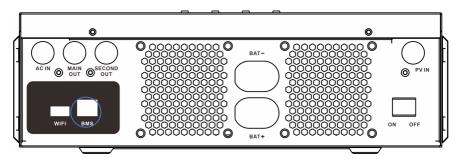
Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

3.5.2 Lithium Battery Connection

If choosing lithium battery for inverter, Please check the compatibility of the protocol first. There are two connectors on the lithium battery, RJ45 port of BMS and power cable.

Please follow below steps to implement lithium battery connection:

- 1. Follow section 3.5.1 to implement the power cable connection.
- 2. Connect RJ45 terminal of battery communication cable to BMS communication port of inverter. The communication protocol should be RS485 or CAN.



3. Insert the other end of RJ45 (battery communication cable) to battery communication port of lithium battery.

Note: If choosing lithium battery, make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and the inverter.

Lithium battery communication and setting:

In order to communicate with battery BMS, you should set the battery type to 'LIT' or 'FEL' in Section 4.2.2 Program 17.

Make sure the lithium battery BMS port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin, the inverter BMS port pin assignment shown as below:

Pin number	BMS port
1	RS485B
2	RS485A
3	-
4	CANH
5	CANL
6	-
7	-
8	-

Communicating with battery BMS in parallel system

If need to use communicate with BMS in a parallel system, you should make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and one inverter of the parallel system.

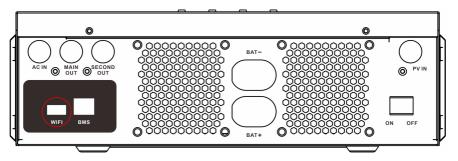
3.6 Final Assembly

After connecting all wiring, please put bottom cover back by screwing four screws mentioned in Section 3.2.

3.7 Smart Communication Stick Connection(Optional)

Some models support external WIFI monitoring function, please insert the WIFI stick into COM port directly and it can connect to the cloud platform.

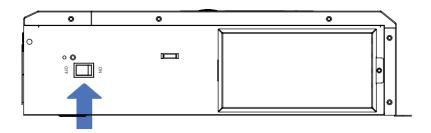
Some models support built-in WIFI monitoring function, please check the solar APP quick configuration guide.



4. Operation

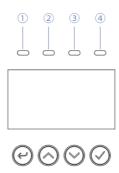
4.1 Power ON/OFF

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press ON/OFF switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.



4.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



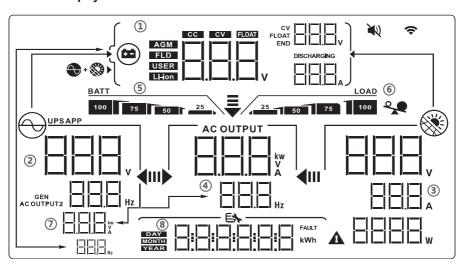
	LED Indicato	or	Messages
① Status indicator (Green)		Solid On	The mains power is normal and enters the mains power operation.
	indicator	Flashing	The mains power is normal, but it has not entered mains power operation.
	Off	The mains power is abnormal.	
2	② Invert	Solid On	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
Inverter (Yellow)	Off	Other states.	
		Solid On	The battery is in float charging.
3 Charging indicator (Yellow)	indicator	Flashing	The battery is in constant voltage charging.
	Off	Other states.	
		Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
	Fault indicator (Red)	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.
		Off	The inverter is working properly.



Function Buttons

Button	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

4.2.1 LCD Display Icons



Display area	Icon	Description
		Battery icon
	AGM FLD USER Li-ion	Battery type
①Battery	CC CV FLOAT	Three charging period. The CC icon is illuminated during the constant current charging stage, the CV icon is illuminated during the constant voltage charging stage, and the FLOAT icon is illuminated during the float charging stage.
Information		Indicate battery voltage
	CV III I	During the constant voltage charging stage, the CV voltage is displayed and the CV icon is illuminated. During the float charging stage, the float voltage is displayed and the FLOAT icon is illuminated. During the discharge state, the end discharge voltage is displayed and the END icon is illuminated.
	DISCHARGING	Battery charging/discharging current
	Θ	AC input icon
②AC Input Information	UPSAPP	UPS or APP input mode When set to GEN input, it displays as APP
	888 _v	AC input voltage and frequency
③PV Input		PV input icon
Information	888. 888.	Indicate PV power, PV voltage, PV current, etc.
@Output Information	AC OUTPUT	Indicate output voltage(V), apparent power (VA or kVA), output active power (W or kW) alternately, switching every five seconds Indicate output frequency
⑤Battery Capacity	BATT 100 75 50 25	Indicate battery capacity
	LOAD 25 50 75 100	Indicate load capacity
6 Load Capacity	Q	Over load icon
(7)AC OLITBLITO	AC OUTPUT2	Second AC output icon
information	888.	Indicate AC output 2 voltage(V)
®Parameter Query, Function Setting or Fault/Alarm Information	888 m.	Indicate system infomation; Function setting; Indicate Fault/Alarm

	¥Ų	Mute
Other	?	Wifi connected
Information	+ 🗱	If PV + Grid, the left and right icon light at same time; if only PV, the right icon is only light
	\$\$>	If PV first, the left and right icon light at same time.

For Lead-acid battery, detailed description of battery icon as following:

In battery mode, battery icon will present Battery Capacity			
Load Percentage	Battery Voltage	Display	
	< 44.584V	25	
Load >50%	44.584 ~ 46.74V	50 25	
L0au >50%	46.74 ~ 48.896V	75 50 25	
	> 48.896V	100 75 50 25	
	< 47.18V	25	
50%> Load > 20%	47.18 ~ 49.336V	50 25	
50%~ LOdd ~ 20%	49.336 ~ 51.492V	75 50 25	
	> 51.492V	100 75 50 25	
	< 48.48V	25	
Load < 20%	48.48 ~ 50.636V	50 25	
LOdu \ ZU%	50.636 ~ 52.792V	75 50 25	
	> 52.792V	100 75 50 25	

4.2.2 LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 2 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press 'UP' or 'DOWN' button to select setting programs. Then press 'ENTER' button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Notes:

Standby mode: Inverter is not allowed to power the load. (Turn output switch to 'OFF' or inverter is abnormal) https://www.anern.com/

Battery mode: Inverter is allowed to power the load with PV / PV+Battery / Battery, and operates without the grid.

Grid mode: Inverter is allowed to power the load with PV / PV+Grid / Grid, and operates with the grid.

Program	Description	Setting Option
01	Output voltage	
		230V (default) Adjustable/settable value: 208V, 220V, 230V, 240V
02	Output frequency	
02		50Hz(default) Adjustable/settable frequency: 50Hz, 60Hz
	Output source priority	Grid first (default)
		Grid provides power to the loads as first priority. Solar power will charge the battery. If solar is not sufficient to charge battery, grid will charge the battery at the same time. If grid is absent and solar is sufficient, solar will power the loads. If grid is absent and solar is not sufficient, solar and battery will power the loads. If grid is absent, solar and battery are not sufficient to power loads at the same time, inverter will go to standby and charge battery.
03		Solar first IJE
		Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is sufficient, battery will be charged with solar energy. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Grid will supply power to the loads at the same time. If grid is absent and solar is not sufficient, solar and battery will power the loads. If grid is absent, solar and battery are not sufficient to power loads at the same time, inverter will go to standby and charge battery.

	Output source priority	PBG priority		
03		If solar energy is sulf solar energy is no If solar and battery to the loads and so If battery is charged the loads instead of If grid is absent, so	des power to the loads as first priority. Ifficient, solar will charge the battery. Ifficient, battery will also supply power. Ifficient, battery will also supply power. If energy are not sufficient, grid will supply power of charges the battery. If to be sufficient, solar and battery will power of grid. If grid. Iar and battery are not sufficient to power loads overter will go to standby and charge battery.	
		MKS		
		When generator, P	s power to loads as first priority. V, battery all exist, the work mode is as PBG. kists with PV or battery, the work mode is as GPB.	
		APP: Appliance (default)		
		Applied to household appliances Typical switching time is 10ms.		
0,	Input mode	UPS		
04		Applied to compute Typical switching ti	er and other devices.	
		GEN		
		Applied to connect time is 20ms.	generator from AC IN port. Typically switching	
	Charger source	PNG: PV and Grid (default)	OS CHPPOG	
		PV and Grid are cha	arged at the same time.	
05		OPV: Only PV		
	priority	Only PV charge.		
		PVF: PV first		
			are available, PV charge. If only PV is available, prid is available, grid charge.	

			<u>06</u>
06	Grid charging		
	current		nt for grid chargers. The default setting is 60A
		· ·	0/20/30/40/50/60/70/80/90/100/110/120A.
		Notes: 2A option is	s only avaluable for non-parallel model.
	Maximum		
07	charging		current for solar and grid chargers. The default
	current	setting is 100A and	d options is 2/10/20/30/40/50/60/70/80/90/10
	Carrent	110/120A.	
		Notes: 2A option is	only avaluable for non-parallel model.
			ndF ON
08	Menu Default	ON: If the current p	page is not on the first page and no operation
00	Pieria Delauit	with 1 minute, the	system will return to display the first page.
		OFF: If the current	page is not on the first page and no operation
		with 1 minute, the	system will stay on the current page.
	Auto restart		<u> </u>
09	Auto restart when overload	ON(default)	
	A		ID
10	Auto restart when over	ON(default)	
	temperature		EF5 ON
			<u> </u>
11	Main input cut	Enable/Disable Gri	d or PV loss alarm.
	warning	The default setting	is ON. If the grid input detected lost, the buzz
		will sound for 5 sec	conds. when set to OFF, after the grid input is
		lost, the buzzer wil	I not sound.
	Energy-saving		ĬS
			<u> 2</u> Pu50FF
		The default setting	is OFF and this function doesn't work in paral
12		_	ON, in battery mode, if the load<25W, the
	mode		utput for a period then resume. If the load is st
		lower than 25W, th	e system will do the loop stop then resume. If
		the load>35W, the	system will resume continuous normal output
			13
	Overload		
10		The default setting	is OFF. When set to ON, in the case of PBG (P
13	transfer to	_	enerator priority) mode, if there is an overload
	bypass	I	nediately transfer to bypass mode (grid power
			3 31 50 1

14	Silent mode setting	When set to ON, in	
15	Battery return to grid voltage point	(Flooded Battery Tybe adjusted within When the battery is setting is 47.6V. It owners that the battery is setting is 49.6V. It owners when the battery is when the battery is	s set to the AGM (Lead Acid Battery Type) or FLD (ppe) mode. The default setting is 46V, and it can a range of [44, 52V]. It is set to LIT (Ternary lithium battery). The default an be adjusted within a range of [40, 50V]. It is set to FEL (Lithium iron battery), the default an be adjusted within a range of [40, 50V]. It is set to the CUS (Customer Setting Type) mode, is 47.6V, and it can be adjusted within a range of
16	Switching back to battery mode voltage points	(Flooded) mode,Th a range of [48, 58V When the battery is setting is 54.4V. It c When the battery is setting is 53.2V. It c When the battery is default setting is 54	s set to AGM (Absorbent Glass Mat) or FLD e default setting is 52V. It can be adjusted within a set to LIT (Ternary lithium battery). The default an be adjusted within a range of [46, 58V]. It is set to FEL (Lithium iron battery), the default an be adjusted within a range of [46, 58V]. It is set to CUS (Customer Set Type) mode, The 4.4V, The voltage range is [46, 58V].
17	Battery type	AGM(default) Flooded Lithium (Ternary Lithium Battery) FEL (Lithium iron) User-Defined	BREFLD IT BREFLD IT BREFLD IT BREFEL IT BREFEL IT BREFEL

18	Battery low voltage point	Battery low voltage alarm setting. When the battery type is set to LIT, the default setting is 47.6V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [41.2, 50V]. When the battery type is set to FEL, the default setting is 48V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [41.2, 50V]. When the battery type is set to CUS, the default setting is 47.6V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [42, 54V]. It is not possible to set the battery definition mode to AGM or FLD mode. The default setting is 44V.
		19 681420
10	Battery shutdown voltage point	The battery low voltage shutdown point setting function cannot be adjusted when the battery is defined as AGM or FLD mode. The default setting is 42V.
19		When the battery type is set to LIT or CUS, the battery shutdown point can be modified. The default setting is 46V, and the adjustable range is [40, 48V]. When the battery type is set to FEL, the battery shutdown point can be modified. The default setting is 42V, and the adjustable range is [40, 48V].
		20 60°56.4
20	Constant voltage mode voltage point setting	When the battery is defined in AGM or FLD mode, the voltage set point cannot be configured. The default setting for AGM mode is 56.4V, for FLD mode is 58V. When the battery type is LIT or CUS, It can be set within the range of [48, 60V] for the constant voltage charging set point. The default setting is 56.4V. When the battery type is set to FEL, the default setting is 55.2V, and it can be adjusted within the range of [48, 60V]. It is important to ensure that the constant voltage set point voltage is higher than the float charge set point voltage. Notes: The inverter operates according to the set voltage point without BMS connected. After connecting to BMS, these voltage points follow the changes in data uploaded by BMS.

$\label{thm:condition} \textit{Guangzhou Anern Energy Technology Co., Ltd.}$

	I	
21	Floating charge mode voltage point setting	For AGM or FLD type, the voltage set point cannot be configured. The default setting is 54V. For CUS type, the default setting is 55.2V with a range of [48, 60V]. For LIT type, the default setting is 55.2V with a range of [50, 58V]. For FEL type, the default setting is 54.4V with a range of [50, 58V]. It is important to note that the constant voltage point voltage should always be set higher than the floating charge point voltage. Notes: The inverter operates according to the set voltage point without BMS connected. After connecting to BMS, these voltage points follow the changes in data uploaded by BMS.
	Grid low	
22	voltage point setting	If intput mode is APP/GEN, Grid low voltage point can be set within a range of 90V to 154V. The default setting is 154V. If intput mode is UPS, Grid low voltage point can be set within a range of 170V to 200V. The default setting is 185V.
	Grid high voltage point setting	
23		If input mode is APP/GEN, Grid high voltage point can be set within a range of 264V to 280V. The default setting is 264V. If input mode is UPS, Grid high voltage point is 264V and can't be changed.
	Automatic turn off backlight	74 REP 00
24		The default setting is ON. If ON, the backlight will turn off after 1 minutes of no button operation.
	Inverter soft start setting	ZS SHEÖFF
25		The default setting is OFF. If ON, the inverter output gradually increases from 0 to the target voltage value. If OFF, the inverter output directly increases from 0 to the target voltage value. This function doesn't work in parallel mode.

26	Reset factory setting	Restore all settings to factory default values. Before the setting, this interface is displayed as OFF. When set to ON, the system will restore to default settings. After the setting is completed, this interface will display OFF again. The setting can only be set when the 'ON/OFF' switch is ON.
27	Parallel mode setting	Set the parallel operation mode. It can be set in mains mode and standby mode, but cannot be set in battery mode. Other models cannot be set. The default setting is SIG (single mode), which can be set to PAR (parallel mode) single-phase parallel operation mode, 3P1 (R phase mode), 3P2 (S phase mode), 3P3 (T phase mode). For details, please refer to section 5.
		The single version inverter does not display this page. This setting won't be changed after "Reset factory".
28	Parallel identity code	The default setting is ATO (auto mode), which can be set to 1-9. When using the parallel function, except for ATO mode, the same identical ID cannot be set for two inverters. The single version inverter does not display this page. This setting won't be changed after "Reset factory".
	Battery Disconnection Alarm	Z9 SHOFF
29		Enable/Disable battery disconnection alarm. OFF(default). When set to OFF, there will be no battery disconnection alarm when the battery is disconnected.
	Inverter parallel without battery operation status	
30		The default setting is OFF. When set to OFF, Inverters cannot operate in parallel with only PV connected and no battery. If grid is connected, the inverters can operate in parallel. When set to ON, inverters can operate in parallel with only PV connected and no battery.
31	Equalization Voltage Point Setting	The default setting is 58.4V, with a configurable range of [48, 60V].
	_	

32	Equalization Charging Time Setting	The function can be set as 'OFF' or active. During the equalization stage, the controller will charge the battery as much as possible until the battery voltage rises to the battery equalization voltage. Then, it will adopt constant voltage regulation to maintain the battery voltage. The battery will remain in the equalization stage until the set battery equalization time is reached. The setting range is [5, 900] with 5 minutes for every step. The default setting is OFF and won't start equalization.
		<u>===</u>
33	Equalization Delay Time Setting	The function can be set as 'OFF' or active. During the equalization stage, if the battery equalization time expires and the battery voltage has not risen to the battery equalization voltage point, the charging controller will extend the battery equalization time until the battery voltage reaches the battery equalization voltage. When the battery equalization delay setting is completed and the battery voltage is still below the battery equalization voltage, the charging controller will stop equalization and return to the floating stage. The default setting is 120 minutes, with a configurable range of OFF or [5, 900] with 5 minutes for every step. When set to OFF, no equalization delay is performed.
		<u>∃</u> 4 <u>E</u> ∃□
34	Equalization Interval Time Setting	When the battery connection is detected during the float phase with the equalization mode turned on, the controller will start to enter the equalization phase when the set equalization interval (cell equalization period)
	Enable Equalization Immediately	<u> </u>
35		The default setting is OFF, and the function is not turned on. If it is set to ON, in the float charging stage when the equalization mode is turned on and the battery connection is detected. The equalization charging is activated immediately, and the controller will start to enter the equalization stage.

		<u> </u>
36	Grid-tie inverter function	Set whether the inverter is grid fed or not. If the value is 'INT', the inverter can feed to grid according to different output priority. In PGB mode when battery energy is sufficient, as long as grid is connected, PV can feed energy to grid as much as possible and surplus energy of PV charges the battery. In PGB mode when battery level is NOT sufficient, PV charges battery as much as possible and surplus energy of PV feeds to grid. In GPB mode and PBG mode, as long as grid is connected, PV charges battery as much as possible and surplus energy of PV feeds to grid. In MKS mode, inverter does not feed to grid.
37	Max Grid Tie	<u> </u>
37	Power	Setting the output power value to grid. The default setting is 6.5kW. The setting range is [0, 6.5]kW. Every setting step is 0.5kW.
		<u> </u>
38	Battery dual output low 8 voltage shutdown point	When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery voltage drops below the set point, the secondary output is turned off. When the battery voltage rises above the set value plus 1V per additional battery cell, the secondary output is turned on. The default setting is 48V, with a configurable range of [44, 60]V. When the set point is higher than the constant voltage charging (CV) point - 1V per cell, the recovery voltage is set to the constant voltage charging point.
	Battery dual output duration	- 39 - dblful
39		When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery discharge time reaches the set point, the secondary output is turned off. Default setting is OFF, the function is not enabled. The configurable range is [5,900] in minutes. When set to FUL, the secondary output has unlimited output time.

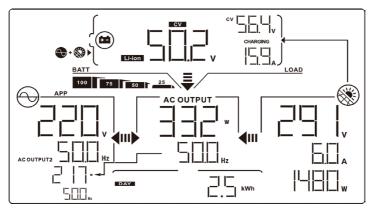
40	Dual output battery mode cut-off SOC	When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery SOC is lower than the set value, the secondary output is turned off. After the battery
		voltage is 5% higher than set value, the secondary output will turn on. The default setting is 20. The setting range is [5, 90] and OFF.
44	BMS Communication Function	44 6n50FF
		The default setting is OFF, and the function is not enabled. When set to a specific BMS protocol, the inverter communicates with the lithium battery BMS through the centralized control board and obtains battery information. If the communication is abnormal after the function is enabled, alarm 56 is generated, and the inverter does not determine the running logic based on the BMS information. CVT: CVTE protocol (485) PYL: PYLON protocol (485 and CAN) GRO: GROWATT protocol (485 and CAN) VOL: VOLTRONIC protocol (485) IRF: China Tower protocol (485) PAC: PACE RTU protocol (485)
45	BMS ID	Setting BMS ID number to communication with. The setting value is AtO, OVE or numerical value [0, 15]. Among them, A-F represents 10-15 respectively. The default value is auto (AtO). When set to auto (AtO), system will automatically poll the BMS ID from small to large. When system poll for the first ID with a correct response, it locks the ID and only asks the BMS with that ID. When set to OVE, system will automatically poll the BMS ID from small to large. After the polling is completed, the BMS data will be aggregated and used in the operation of the inverter.

46	Low SOC Shutdown	4 <u>6</u>
		Set the inverter to shut down when the lithium battery SOC is low. Default setting is 20, with a configurable range of OFF or [5, 50]. When the SOC is lower than the set value in battery mode, the inverter shuts down and alarm 68 raised. Once the function is enabled, alarm 69 is triggered when the lithium battery SOC is lower than the set value + 5%, and it is cleared when it returns to the set value + 10%. If a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the alarms.
47	High SOC to Battery	47 5EB 90
		Set the SOC value for the inverter to switch to battery mode in PBG. The default setting is 90, with a configurable range of [10, 100]. When enabled, the inverter will only switch from grid mode to battery mode when the SOC is above the set point and the battery voltage is higher than the voltage point to switch back to battery mode. It can be set to OFF, in which case the inverter no longer switches from grid mode to battery mode based on the SOC condition. If a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the alarms.
48	Low SOC to Grid	<u>48</u> 56 50
		Set the SOC value for the inverter to switch to grid mode in PBG. Default setting is 50, with a configurable range of OFF or [10, 90]. When enabled, the inverter will switch to grid mode when the SOC is below the set point or the battery voltage is lower than BTG (Battery return to grid voltage point). If a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the alarms. When this setting is higher than the STB(High SOC to Battery), STB and STG(Low SOC to Grid) will no longer take effect.

61	Battery Max. Discharge Current	The default setting is OFF with no discharge current limitation. When set to a numerical value, it indicates the limitation current value. The setting range is [10, 140A] with a setting step of 5A. If the discharging current is over the limitation, alarm 60 will occur. If the continuous over-current time reaches 5 seconds, fault 14 will occur and inverter goes into fault mode.
63	Enable battery disconnection detection	The default setting is ON with automatic battery disconnection detection/lithium battery activation. When it is set to OFF, the inverter maintains the battery disconnected state and no longer performs detection/lithium battery activation during operation.
64	Immediate battery detection/ lithium battery activation	The default setting is OFF. When it is set to ON, the inverter will immediately perform battery disconnection detection/lithium battery activation when the execution conditions are met, then the settings will returen to OFF.

4.3 Display Information

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing 'UP' or 'DOWN' key. If there is no operation for a long time, the daily PV power generation will be displayed at the bottom of the screen. For example the following screen displays 2.5kWh.



The selectable information is switched as below.

LCD display	Informatiopn
	Display the daily power generation from solar.
	Display total power generation from solar.
P3 52.9 10.7	Display lithium battery voltage and current. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
24 <u>5</u> 5 1	Display lithium battery temperature and SOC. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
P5	Display lithium battery rated capacity and remaining capacity. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
P <u>6</u>	Display lithium battery maximum charging voltage and minimum discharging voltage. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
P7	Display lithium battery maximum charging current and maximum discharging current. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
PE TILL	Display lithium battery alarm and fault information. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
	Display inverter firmware version.

5. Parallel Installation Guide (Only for parallel model)

The inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units.
- 2. Maximum 9 units work together to support 3-phase operation, and up to 7 units can be configured for one phase of the three-phase system. In a 3-phase system, it is required that at least 1 inverter is working properly for each phase.

Check the installation instructions from above sections. Be sure to save enough clearance between every 2 inverters. For AC/DC breaker/disconnector, please check the recommended size from corresponding section and how many units of inverter mounted, then selected proper model of breaker/disconnector.



WARNING!

- The grid cable of parallel inverters in same phase shall ensure that the material, cross-sectional area and length of conductor are consistent.
- The output cable of parallel inverters in same phase shall ensure that the material, cross-sectional area and length of conductor are consistent.



WARNING!

- Parallel system can operate without battery and grid, but AC output will derate.
- If parallel system contains battery, all inverters must be connected to the same batteries
- It is recommended to connect the battery interfaces of all inverters to the same copper bar, and then connect the batteries to the copper bar.
- If cable are used to connect the inverters to the battery, the cable shall be consistent in material, conductor cross-sectional area and conductor length.



WARNING!

Do not connect the same PV string to multiple inverters, as this may cause damage to the inverters. Each inverter is separately connected to PV.



CAUTION!

To avoid overload, it is best to run the whole system properly before closing the circuit breaker on the load side.



CAUTION!

When paralled function is enabled, system can not operate in Energy-saving mode / Inverter soft start function.



CAUTION!

In parallel system, the leakage current specification of the AC input breaker should be selected as 300mA.

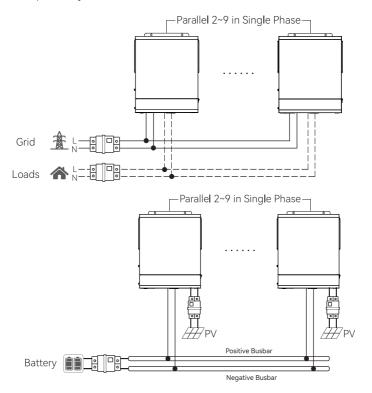


CAUTION!

If inverters' AC OUT2 are used during parallel operation, they will be connected independently from AC OUT1, but with the same wiring method, supplying power to different loads separately.

5.1 Parallel Cable Connection in Single Phase

2~9 inverters in parallel system connection:



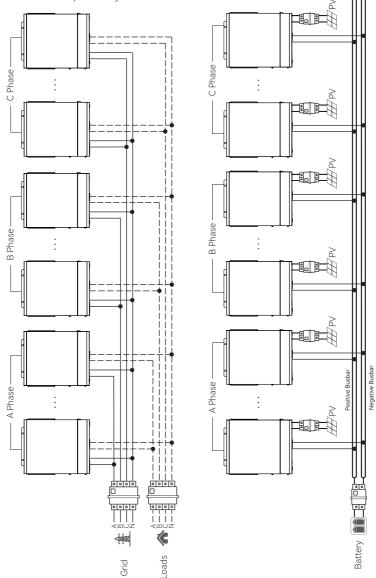
5.2 Parallel Cable Connection in Three Phase

In parallel system, at least 1 inverter that is working properly must be maintained for each phase.

Example 1: phase A-3 inverters, phase B-3 inverters, phase C-3 inverters.

Example 2: phase A-1 inverters, phase B-1 inverters, phase C-7 inverters.

3~9 inverters in parallel system connection:



5.3 Communication Cable for Parallel

The connection of parallel communication cables does not require consideration of which phase the inverter is in, nor does it differentiate in order.

The communication cable can be inserted into any parallel communication interface of the inverter.

It is necessary to ensure a circular connection of the communication cable.

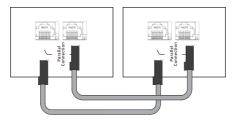


WARNING!

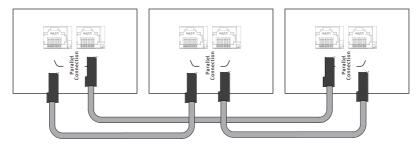
The parallel communication cable needs to be arranged separately from the power line to avoid interference with communication. It is recommended to have a spacing of at least 5cm.

When there are a large number of inverters in parallel system, it is recommended to connect the inverter communication cable every other inverter, so as to use the standard cables in the accessories to complete it, without the need for a long cable from the end inverter to the beginning inverter.

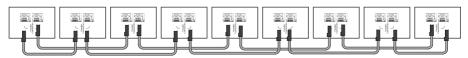
Communication connection for 2 inverters in parallel system:



Communication connection for 3 inverters in parallel system:



Communication connection for 9 inverters in parallel system:

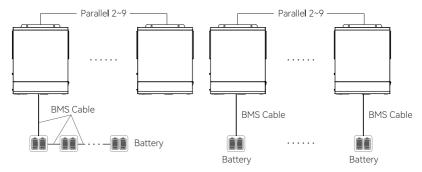


5.4 BMS Cable for Parallel

There are two ways to connect BMS and inverters:

- 1. All battery BMS are interconnected and then connected to only one inverter.
- 2. If the number of inverters is the same as the number of batteries, each BMS can be separately connected to one inverter.

Attention: All battery power cables must be connected in parallel. If the number of inverters does not match the number of batteries, connection (1) must be used.



5.5 System Setting for Parallel

To perform the system setting, please refer to section 4.2.2 Program 27 and 28 first.



CAUTION!

If there is a machine set to SIG in the parallel system, it will report a fault 24. If there are machines set to 3P1, 3P2, and 3P3 in the parallel system, all machines must be set to one of these three modes, and at least one machine must be set for each mode. Otherwise, all machines set to these three modes will report a fault 24.

5.5.1 Single phase setting

- **Step 1:** Before setting, please check if the wiring is correct. Ensure that all circuit breakers(PV, AC input, AC output battery breaker) are disconnected and that each neutral line of the inverter is connected together.
- **Step 2**: Switch 'ON/OFF' switch to OFF and make sure all inverters switched to OFF. Connect battery breaker to power the inverters.
- Step 3: If there is grid in parallel system, skip directly to step 4.

 If there is no grid in parallel system, switch 'ON/OFF' switch to ON on inverter, wait until the LCD diaplay is on. Then switch 'ON/OFF' switch to OFF and LCD display will last for a while

Step 4: Set "PAR" in program 27 on the LCD.

Step 5: Follow step 3&4 to set all the parallel inverter.

Step 6: Switch 'ON/OFF' switch to ON on inverter. then connect all the breakers.

Note:

- 1. When setting the LCD program, the ON/OFF switch must be OFF. Otherwise, it cannot be set up.
- 2. The primary and slave devices are generated by competition within the system.
- 3. After parallel setting, when the parameters of one inverter (unrelated to parallel operation) are changed, other inverters will automatically synchronize the parameters.

27 PR-51 G	The default setting for the inverter is SIG: single machine mode.
Z7 PR∩PRF	The default setting for the inverter is PAR: single-phase parallel mode
28 Pl 4RLD	PID: Parallel identity code. The default setting is ATO (auto mode), system will automatically assign a parallel ID.
28 Pld	Parallel identity code can be set to 1-9, the same identical ID cannot be set for two inverters.

5.5.2 Three phase setting

Follow the steps of Single phase setting. Most of the steps are the same except 2 points: The first difference is when set in Program 27, it should be 3P1 for first phase, 3P2 for second phase and 3P3 for third phase.

First-phase LCD is shown	Second-phase LCD is shown	Third-phase LCD is shown
27	27	27
PR-3P	PR-3P2	PRn3P3

The second difference is to verify whether the three-phase input has the correct phase sequence.

The inverter needs to be set to UPS mode. If the screen displays that the power grid cannot be connected to the system, the AC phase sequence of the system input needs to be adjusted. After the power grid is connected normally, the APP or UPS mode can be set according to actual needs.

5.6 Wifi connection in parallel system

There are two ways to install WIFI:

- (1) Only install a WIFI stick on any one inverter, and the entire parallel system will upload data through this WIFI stick.
- (2) Install WIFI sticks on each inverter, and each inverter will upload its own data through its own WIFI stick.



CAUTION!

When installing WIFI sticks on more than 1 inverters, other inverters without WIFI sticks cannot upload data.

6. Fault Reference Code



Fault display:

Function description: If alarm occurs, Fault indicator flashes and buzzer sounds every one second for 1 minute, then stop. If fault occurs, the fault indicator is always on, the buzzer sounds 10 seconds then stops. System will try restart aromatically. If the machine does not work after six times' restart, the machine and LCD display will always in the fault status. You need to completely power off (off the screen) or wait for 30 minutes to restart the machine. The fault LCD display is shown in the figure above. In fault mode fault icon is bright, in alarm state alarm icon is flashing, and contact the manufacturer to troubleshoot the abnormal situation according to the fault information.

Fault: The inverter enters fault mode, with a constant red LED light and LCD displaying a fault code

Fault code sheet

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
1	Line Soft Start Failed	Turn fault mode	Grid soft start process starts but bus voltage does not reach set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
2	Bus Over Voltage	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is higher than set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
3	Bus Below Voltage	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is lower than set value	Cannot restore

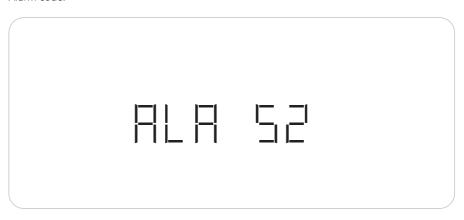
Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
4	Battery Over Current	Turn fault mode	Battery current is higher than set value	Cannot restore
5	System Over Temperature	Turn fault mode	Temperature is higher than set value or fan is not connected	Restore after temperature lower than set value and fan connected for 15 minutes
6	Battery Over Voltage	Turn fault mode	Battery voltage is higher than set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
7	Bus Soft Start Fault	Turn fault mode	Battery soft start process starts but the bus voltage has not reached set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
8	Bus Short Circuit	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is lower than set value	Cannot restore
9	Invert Soft Start Fault	Turn fault mode	Inverter soft start process starts but the inverter voltage has not reached set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
11	Invert Under Voltage	Turn fault mode	The inverter voltage is lower than the set value in battery mode	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
12	Invert Short Circuit	Turn fault mode	Inverter voltage is less than the set value and current is higher than the set value	Restore after reaching the set value for 15 seconds
14	Over Load	Turn fault mode	The load current is higher than the set value	Restore after reaching the set value for 15 seconds
17	Programming	Turn fault mode	Inverter updating or OTA	Restore after updating
18	Panel Reverse	Turn fault mode	PV reverse connection	Restore after connecting correctly for 15 seconds
19	Parallel Same ID	Turn fault mode	Same parallel ID in system	Restore when there is no identical ID.
20	Parallel Communication Fault	Turn fault mode	When communication abnormalities occur, the number of parallel devices decrease to 1	Restore after re-establishing parallel mode or adjusting to single machine mode
21	Parallel Battery Differ	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the battery voltage difference between different machines is too large	Restore after the battery voltage of each inverter under parallel operation is consistent
22	Parallel Grid Voltage Differ	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the input voltage difference between different machines is too large	Restore after the grid voltage of each inverter under parallel operation is consistent
23	Parallel Grid Frequency Differ	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the input frequency difference between different machines is too large	Restore after the grid frequency of each inverter under parallel operation is consistent

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
24	Parallel Configuration Differ	Turn fault mode	In three-phase parallel mode, different machine parallel mode settings may have phase loss, or both three-phase and single-phase parallel modes may exist, or there may be single machine mode.	Restore after set to single machine operation and disconnect parallel communication, or parallel operation condition recover.
25	Parallel Sync Loss	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the output voltage detection loses synchronization.	Cannot restore in parallel mode or restore after change to single mode.
26	BMS Fault	Turn fault mode	Error code in BMS message.	Restore after BMS fault resolved

7. Alarm Reference Code

Alarm: the inverter does not enter the fault mode, LED red light flashing, LCD displays the Alarm code.



Alarm code sheet

Alarm code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
50	Battery Open	Alarm	Battery disconnected for no more than 10 minutes	Restore after battery connected and charging for 2 minutes
51	Battery Under Voltage	Alarm, battery low voltage shutdown or cannot power on	Battery voltage is lower than BAU set value	Restore after the battery voltage exceeding the BAU set value by 2V
52	Battery Below Voltage	Alarm	Battery voltage is lower than BAL set value	Restore after the battery voltage exceeding the BAL set value by 2V
53	Battery Charge Short	Alarm, battery does not charge	Battery voltage < 20V and the charging current > 4A.	Can not restore
56	BMS Loss	Alarm	Communication failure after BMS communication function is enabled	Restore after communication function disabled or communication success
58	Fan Lock	Alarm, fan operation in full speed	No fan speed signal detected	Restore after fan speed signal detected
59	EEPROM Error	Alarm	EEPROM read/write exception	Can not restore
60	Over Load	Alarm	The output current > 40A	Restore after output current < 38A
62	PV Energy Weak	Alarm, Turn off the PV output to the load, but keep the PV charging the battery	In only PV mode, PV power is less than load demand.	Restore after 10 minutes

Alarm code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
64	Parallel Configuration Differ	Alarm, turn to standby mode	In standby mode, there is an incompatible mode setting while parallel operation	Restore after setting the parallel operation mode correctly
68	Battery Under SOC	Alarm, turn to standby mode	BMS reports SOC lower than BSU set value	Restore after meeting one of the following three conditions: 1. Disable low SOC shutdown function 2. Disable BMS communication function 3. SOC is higher than the set value by 5%
69	Battery Below SOC	Alarm, if it is in standby mode, it will remain in standby mode.	Lithium battery SOC is lower than set value+5% (grid mode or battery mode), lower than set value+10% (standby mode)	Restore after meeting one of the following three conditions: 1. Disable low SOC shutdown function 2. Disable BMS communication function 3. SOC is higher than the set value by 10%
72	Battery Can Not Startup	Alarm	During standby, battery voltage is lower than the allowed startup voltage	Restore after the battery voltage is higher than the allowed startup voltage
77	Unstable Grid Power	Alarm	Lost of grid power three times within 5 minutes	Restore after 5 mins

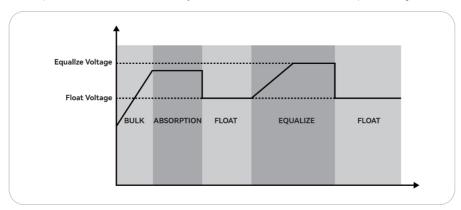
8. Battery Equalization

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

Note:*Don't activate this mode when using lithium batteries.

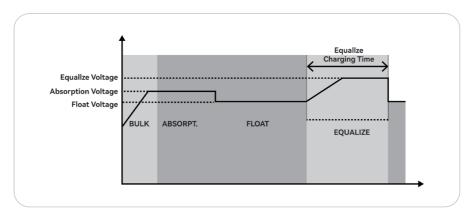
- How to Apply Equalization Function
 - You can enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting Program 32 by setting time, or you can choose immediate equalization on Program 35. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:
 - 1.Set equalization voltage point on Program 31.
 - 2.Set equalization charging time on Program 32.
 - 3.Set equalization delay time on Program 33.
 - 4.Set equalization interval time on Program 34.
 - 5.Set immediate equalization mode activation on Program 35.
- · When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

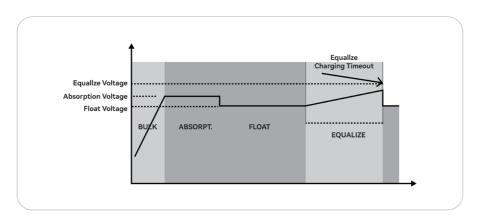


• Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



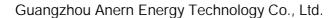
However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



9. Trouble Shooting

Problem	Fault Event	Trigger conditions	What to do
LED screen	Bus voltage	1. Check whether the total rated voltage of PV string exceeds the Max. PV open circuit voltage of inverter.	If it exceeds, reduce the PV module number.
display fault code 2 high		2. In case of parallel operation, check whether the output voltage settings of the two inverters are consistent.	If inconsistent, reset.
LED screen display fault code 3	Bus voltage low	Disconnect the load from inverter and restart again to observe if it recovers.	If it recovers, it indicates that there are too many impact loads and part of them should be removed from inverter.
	Over temperature	1. After the temperature is low, start the inverter output and check whether the fan rotates.	If the fan is not rotating, there may be a fault with the fan or its wiring.
		2. Check if the dust filter is too dirty.	If there is excessive dust accumulation, it needs to be cleaned.
LED screen display fault code 5		3. Check if there is a clearance space of more than 30cm around the machine.	If there is insufficient space, please refer to the user manual for reinstalling.
		4. Check if the ambient temperature is too high (above 45°C).	For example, avoid direct sunlight.
		5. Check if the air duct paper is loose.	Install the plastic nail provided by the manufacturer at the loose position
LED screen display fault code 26	BMS fault	Check the BMS fault information through the battery background controller.	Handle battery problems according to fault information.

		1. Check whether the communication cable is plugged into the correct port of the lithium battery.	The lithium battery may have multiple communication interfaces, which need to be plugged into the correct position.
		2. Check whether the battery dial switch setting is consistent with the protocol used.	The battery supports a variety of BMS protocols, and different protocols can be selected through the dial switch on the battery.
LED screen display fault code 56	BMS loss	3. Confirm whether the definition of battery port pin of BMS communication cable is consistent with that of inverter.	If not, replace the correct cable.
		4. Confirm whether the BMS protocol matches the inverter.	If it is not within the matching range of inverter, the Protocol shall be replaced.
		5. Replace the battery or inverter for test.	If it is normal after replacement, the communication hardware fails.
LED screen	Fan abnormal alarm	1. Confirm if the fan rotation is abnormal and if there is any foreign object causing obstruction.	Remove any foreign objects.
display fault code 58		2. Check if the fan is not connected or if the wiring is loose.	Ensure proper connection of the fan.
		3. Replace the fan to check if the fan is damaged.	Confirm damage and replace the fan.
LED screen	PV Energy	1. Check if PV power is normal.	If abnormal, repair PV.
	Weak	2. Check if PV power is lower than load demand.	Remove part of the load.



Notes: Updates to the content and version of this manual will not be notified separately.

